

REALIA



January – June 2020 Results

27th July 2020

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^(*) This report includes a set of Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), defined in the herewith included Appendix, as recommended by ESMA (European Securities and Markets Authority).

1.- EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

REVENUE AND RESULTS

- Total revenue was €47,29m vs €48,57m at 1H 2019 (-2,6%).

- Evolution of income in different business areas vs 1H 2019:

Commercial Property: €40,54m (-3,3%)

Land & Homebuilding: €5,71m (+5,4%)

Additionally, Realia Group has obtained an income from Services & Others for an amount of €1,04m (-14,0%).

Income from commercial property has gone down by 3,3%. A refund, in 2019, of a “municipal added value tax” for an amount of €2,12m has been included in the commercial property business income. This tax is due to the sale of an asset in previous years. If we do not consider this income, income from commercial property business would have gone up by 1,8%.

Income from land & homebuilding has gone up by 5,4%. This result includes an amount of €1,06m corresponding to the sale of land for commercial use. This sale has been performed by *Management Board of Valdebebas* and Realia held a certain percentage of this property. If we do not consider the sale of this land, homes delivery has gone down by 15,6% due to the poor activity over the COVID-19 State of Alarm, lower stock of residential finished product and a reduction of the number of sales offices.

Income from homes in the pipeline has not been included. Accounting rules state that this information should be included once the homes have been delivered to clients, which is in 2021.

Income from Services has gone down, mainly due to expiry of commercial agreements, technical management and administrative and fiscal management related to residential developments and/or third-party companies different from Realia Group.

- Overhead costs reached €2,71m (-9,7%) vs June 2019.
- EBITDA reached €25,54m vs €25,08m in 1H 2019 (+1,8%). This result is due to income evolution and to lower operating costs.
- As of 30 June, amounts provided have reached €7,32m vs €19,13m at June 2019. This variation in the provisions of June 2020 vs June 2019 is mainly due to the fact that in June 2019, €16,1m of land and residential developments in the pipeline were reversed as a result of implementing the RICS method to value the portfolio of residential assets. In 1H 2020, Realia Group has made a provision of €4,7m, as a result of the Administrators' estimate of the valuation of residential business and the impact of COVID-19 on them.

Additionally, at 1H 2020, the Group has made of provision of €2,97m, as an estimate to cover the economic impact the COVID-19 health crisis may cause on the commercial property business. In the light of the evolution of this crisis, these provisions will be adjusted. The Company is undertaking the necessary and appropriate arrangements to cope with this situation and minimize the impact on our clients and on Realia.

- Impact due to commercial property assets valuation (IAS 40) has reached €-19,08m vs €15,44m at 1H 2019. This result is due to the expected impact caused by COVID-19, in future rents and in yields.
- The net financial result reached €3,47m (+153%) vs €-6,55m at June 2019. This result is due to a lower indebtedness of the Group and mainly due to implementation of IFRS 9 for novation of financial terms of Realia Patrimonio, S.L.U. syndicated loan. An income for €10m has been reflected. If we do not consider this income, financial expenses would have reached €-6,53m, which is a result closed to the one obtained in June 2019.

- As of June 2020, earnings before taxes reached €1,86m vs €54,23m in 1H 2019 (-96,9%). Even though EBITDA improves slightly, this result is due to provisions made and loss of value of assets, as stated previously.
- Earnings after taxes reached €1,50m vs €32,08m in 1H 2019 (-95,3%).

INDEBTEDNESS

- As of June 2020, Realia Group gross financial debt reached €577,15m vs €596,29m at December 2019 (-3,2%). This debt financing is related to Realia Patrimonio.
- As of June 2020, cash and equivalents reached €63,99m vs €75,89m at December 2019. This budget will be allocated to pay back banking debt at its maturity, to complete residential developments in the pipeline, to develop the “Build to Rent” (BTR) business, to invest in capex for the current assets and acquiring new ones.
- As a consequence, as of June 2020, Realia net financial debt reached €513,16m vs €520,40m at December 2019 (-1,4%).
- As of 27 April 2020, Realia Group has signed a novation contract of Realia Patrimonio, S.L.U. syndicated loan with the following modifications:
 - “Margin” – applying 135 basis points when LTV 50% ≥ LTV > 40% and 120 basis points when LTV < 40%.
 - Extension of the expiry date until 27 April 2025 (final expiry date).

As a consequence of this novation and implementation of IFRS 9, the Group has reflected an adjustment in the valuation of its syndicated loan which has meant a financial income of €10m. Therefore, the gross financial debt has gone down by applying this IFRS 9 on this amount by adjusting the financial liability to reflect an amount equal to the sum of the new modified flows discounted with the original IRR against the income statement.

- The net financial result reached €3,47m (derivatives included and implementation of IFRS 9 on novation of financial terms of Realia Patrimonio, S.L.U. syndicated loan). If we do not consider this income, net financial result would have reached €-6,53m, which is a result closed to the one obtained in June 2019 (€-6,55m).
- The weighted average rate on gross debt (derivatives included) reached 1,80% vs 2,12% at June 2019.

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

- Gross rental income were €31,73m, 3,4% better than in 1H 2019, mainly due to updated unitary rents.
- Overall occupancy levels (As Cancelas S XXII included) reached 91,7% vs 93,6% at December 2019. This variation is due to the social rental homes development included in 1H 2020 which commercialization has started in June 2020. If we don't consider this fact, the occupancy level rate (%) would have reached 93,7%.
- In June 2020, Realia has started the commercialization to rent 85 social homes in Tres Cantos (Madrid). Total investment of this project has reached €16m.
- Two new projects to build 195 social rental home units in Tres Cantos (Madrid) are in the pipeline. Construction of these projects is scheduled to start in 2020 with an investment of €38,3m of which there is an outstanding investment of €28,1m.

LAND AND HOMEBUILDING

- As of 30 June 2020, Realia has delivered 30 units for an amount of €4,35m vs 36 units at June 2019 for an amount of €5,16m. This result is due to a lower stock of residential finished product and a reduction of sales offices. This stock of homes is concentrated in a lower number of residential developments.
- As of 30 June 2020, there is a stock of 497 units (homes, small retail and offices) finished non-delivered, in the pipeline or pre-sold (162 pre-sold). There are also 41 land plots for single-family housing.
- Realia has a gross land bank, in different urbanistic stages, of 5.753.724 sqm and an estimated buildable area of 1.624.579 sqm.

2.- FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Total Revenue	47,29	48,57	-2,6
Comm. Property	40,54	41,94	-3,3
Land & Homebuilding	5,71	5,42	5,4
Services & Others	1,04	1,21	-14,0
EBITDA	25,54	25,08	1,8
Net Result (Group share)	1,50	32,08	-95,3
Net Financial Debt	513,16	506,25	1,4
Nº Shares (mm)	811,09	818,80	-0,9
Earnings per Share (€)	0,002	0,039	-94,9

3.- OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Commercial Property			
GLA (sqm) (1)	416.779	406.628	2,5
Occupancy rate (%)	91,7%	93,0%	-1,3
Land & Homebuilding			
Sales			
Total value of contracts (€mm)	4,35	5,16	-15,7
Units	30	36	-15,5
Nº Employees	90	90	0,0

(1) Over 1H 2020 a new residential asset has been included (9.997 sqm). Its commercialization has started in June 2020.

Number of Employees	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Total (1)	90	90	1,1
Realia Business	39	41	-4,9
Realia Patrimonio	5	4	25,0
Hermanos Revilla (1)	46	45	2,2

(1) It includes 32 people working at reception and concierge services in buildings over 2020 and 2019.

4.- CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Total Revenue	47,29	48,57	-2,6
Rents	31,73	30,70	3,4
Expenses provision	8,79	8,73	0,7
Disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	2,12	-100,0
Homebuilding	4,35	5,16	-15,7
Land sales	1,06	-0,13	915,4
Services	1,04	1,21	-14,0
Other	0,32	0,78	-59,0
Total Gross Margin	28,25	28,08	0,6
Rents	29,06	29,68	-2,1
Homebuilding	-1,00	-1,93	48,2
Services	0,19	0,33	-42,4
Overheads	-2,63	-2,93	10,2
Other costs	-0,08	-0,07	-14,3
EBITDA	25,54	25,08	1,8
Amortization	-0,15	-0,17	11,8
Depreciation	-7,32	19,13	-138,3
EBIT	18,07	44,04	-59,0
Fair value appraisal result	-19,08	15,44	-223,6
Financial result	3,47	-6,55	153,0
Equity method	-0,60	1,30	-146,2
Earnings before taxes	1,86	54,23	-96,6
Taxes	-0,59	-13,50	95,6
Results after taxes	1,27	40,73	-96,9
Minority Interests	-0,23	8,65	-102,7
Net Results (Group share)	1,50	32,08	-95,3

- Income from land & homebuilding includes an amount of €1,06m corresponding to the sale of land for commercial use. This sale has been performed by *Management Board of Valdebebas*, Realia held a certain percentage of this property.

- The net financial result reached €3,47m (+153,0%) vs €-6,55m at June 2019. It is mainly due to the current valuation by refinancing the existing debt in Realia Patrimonio which has generated financial income of €10m (IFRS 9), and said financial income must be reversed in successive monthly periods, until the new debt maturity in April 2025. If we do not consider this income (€10m), financial expenses at June 2020 would have reached €-6,53m, which is a result closed to the one obtained in June 2019.
- Provisions for €-7,32m (€+19,13m in 1H 2019) have been reversed with the following breakdown:

Breakdown provisions (€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019
Excess provisions	-	-
Residential finished product	0,68	2,12
Land bank and developments in the pipeline	-4,91	16,07
COVID-19	-2,97	-
Others (clients, proceedings, ...)	-0,13	0,94
Total	-7,32	19,13

- Provisions increase is mainly due to the allocation of €2,97m made for the commercial property business. It is an estimate to cover the economic impact the COVID-19 health crisis might cause on this business area. In the light of the evolution of the crisis, these provisions will be adjusted. The company is undertaking the necessary and appropriate arrangements to cope with this situation and minimize the impact on our clients and on Realia.

In addition, the Group has made a provision of residential finished product, land and residential developments in the pipeline for €4,7m, following the Board of Directors estimate of the valuation of residential assets and COVID-19 impact on them. In 1H 2019, €16,07m was reversed due to change from ECO method to RICS method to value the portfolio of residential business assets.

- Earnings before taxes reached €1,27m vs €40,73m at June 2019 (-96,9%).
- Earnings after taxes reached €1,50m vs €32,08m at June 2019 (-95,3%).

5.- CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(€mm)	ASSETS	1H 2020	Dec. 19	LIABILITIES	1H 2020	Dec. 19
Tangible fixed assets		2,34	2,47	Equity	1.034,65	1.037,22
Investment property		1.466,78	1.483,55	Minority shareholders	240,65	243,13
Inventories		345,66	342,96	Financial debt	577,15	596,29
Accounts receivable		15,65	15,58	Current creditors	36,48	34,78
Treasury and equivalents		63,99	75,89	Other liabilities	205,31	208,58
Other assets		199,82	199,55			
Total Assets		2.094,24	2.120,00	Total Liabilities	2.094,24	2.120,00

6.- FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

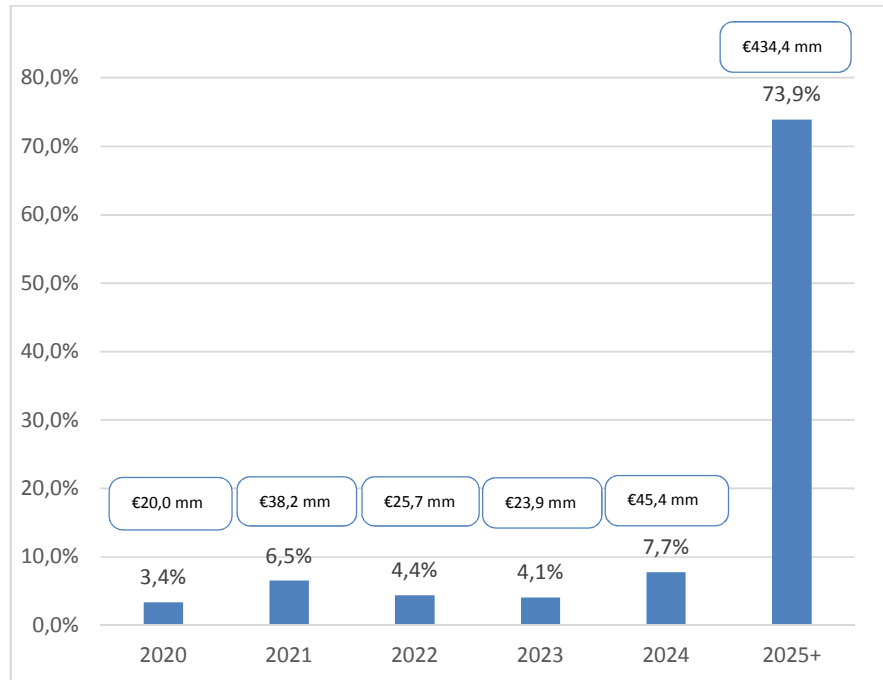
(€mm)	Commercial Property business	Land & Homebuilding business	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)	Dec. 19	Var. (%) 1H_2020 s/Dec. 19
Syndicated loans	536,54	-	536,54	554,04	-3,2	546,09	-1,7
Other loans	51,03	-	51,03	50,68	0,7	49,10	3,9
Valuation of derivatives	8,59	-	8,59	10,20	-15,8	9,45	-9,1
Interests	1,37	-	1,37	1,72	-20,3	1,74	-21,3
Debt formalisation expenses - IFRS 9 valuation adjustment	-20,38	-	-20,38	-11,25	-81,2	-10,09	-102,0
Total Gross Financial Debt	577,15	-	577,15	605,39	-4,7	596,29	-3,2
Cash and equivalents	32,31	31,68	63,99	99,14	-35,5	75,89	-15,7
Total Net Financial Debt	544,84	-31,68	513,16	506,25	1,4	520,40	-1,4

- As of 30 June 2020, Realia Group gross financial debt reached €577,15m vs €596,29m at December 2019 (-3,2%). All financial debt is bound to the commercial property portfolio.
- Cash and equivalents reached €63,99m and the net financial debt reached €513,16m vs €520,40m at December 2019 (1,4% lower). This budget will be allocated to pay back banking debt at its maturity, to complete residential developments in the pipeline, to develop the “Build to Rent” (BTR) business, to invest in capex for the current assets and acquiring new ones.
- As of 27 April 2020, Realia Group has signed a novation contract of Realia Patrimonio, S.L.U. syndicated loan with the following modifications:
 - “Margin” – applying 135 basis points when LTV 50% ≥ LTV > 40% and 120 basis points when LTV < 40%.
 - Extension of the expiry date until 27 April 2025 (final expiry date).

As a consequence of this novation and implementation of IFRS 9, the Group has reflected an adjustment in the valuation of its syndicated loan which has meant a financial income for €10m. Therefore, the gross financial debt has gone down by applying this IFRS 9 on this amount by adjusting the financial liability to reflect an amount equal to the sum of the new modified flows discounted with the original IRR against the income statement.

- The weighted average rate on gross debt (derivatives included) reached 1,80% vs 2,12% at June 2019.
- Loan to value (LTV) reached 26,7%.
- The Group holds interest rate hedging contracts with 5 of the 6 entities that make up the Realia Patrimonio Syndicated Loan. The total amount covered reaches 70% of the outstanding balance of the loan. The expiry date is 27th April 2024 (7 years). The type of hedging instrument is an IRS plus a 0% Euribor floor option. At 1H 2020, this hedging valued at the market has had a positive impact of €0,57m in profit and loss and a negative equity of €0,22m in the year. With the signing of the novation of the syndicated loan, Realia is committed to extend the current coverage until 27th April 2025, before the expiry of the previously described coverage.
- As of June 2020, the breakdown of the Group gross debt maturity is the following

Gross Debt Maturity



7.- ASSETS VALUATION

- Assets valuation has been performed by two independent appraisers:
 - At June 2020 and at December 2019, CBRE (CB Richard Ellis) has valued, at fair value, the portfolio of commercial property business and subsidiaries, as well as, small residential assets belonging to property companies, implementing the RICS Method.
 - At December 2019, TINSA has valued, at fair value, the portfolio of residential business assets, implementing the RICS method.
- Independent appraisers value the portfolio of residential business assets every December (excepting in 2019, valuation was made in June 2019, as valuation changed from ECO method to RICS method), as it was informed in the relevant fact dated 21st March 2019.
- Nevertheless, the Board of Directors have agreed to estimate, at fair value, the land portfolio, due to COVID-19 market uncertainty and because transactions which can show the impact of this pandemic haven't been made yet.

(€mm)	1H 2020		Dec. 2019		% var. 1H 2020 s/ Dec. 19
	Valuation/ Method	€mm	Valuation/ Method	€mm	
Rental assets	CBRE/RICS	1.451,0	CBRE/RICS	1.452,3	-0,1%
Assets in the pipeline	CBRE/RICS	10,3	CBRE/RICS	25,5	-59,6%
Land in the pipeline	CBRE/RICS	61,2	CBRE/RICS	63,0	-2,9%
TOTAL RENTAL ASSETS ⁽¹⁾		1.522,5		1.540,8	-1,2%
Land bank ^{(2) (3)}	Board Dtrs - estimate	279,8	Tinsa/RICS	274,0	2,1%
Residential developments in the pipeline ⁽³⁾	Board Dtrs - estimate	74,5	Tinsa/RICS	72,7	2,4%
Residential finished product ⁽⁴⁾	Board Dtrs - estimate	30,3	Tinsa/RICS	34,2	-11,4%
Residential land & others ⁽⁵⁾ in Property companies	CBRE/RICS	12,8	CBRE/RICS	13,2	-3,1%
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL ASSETS		397,3		394,1	0,8%
TOTAL ASSETS		1.919,8		1.934,9	-0,8%

(1) It includes €52,5m in 1H 2020 and €54m in December 2019. Value of As Cancelas asset, consolidated by the equity method.

(2) It includes €18,2m, in both periods, value of the land bank of the Company IRU, consolidated by the equity method. In 1H 2020 investments for €1,62m have been made.

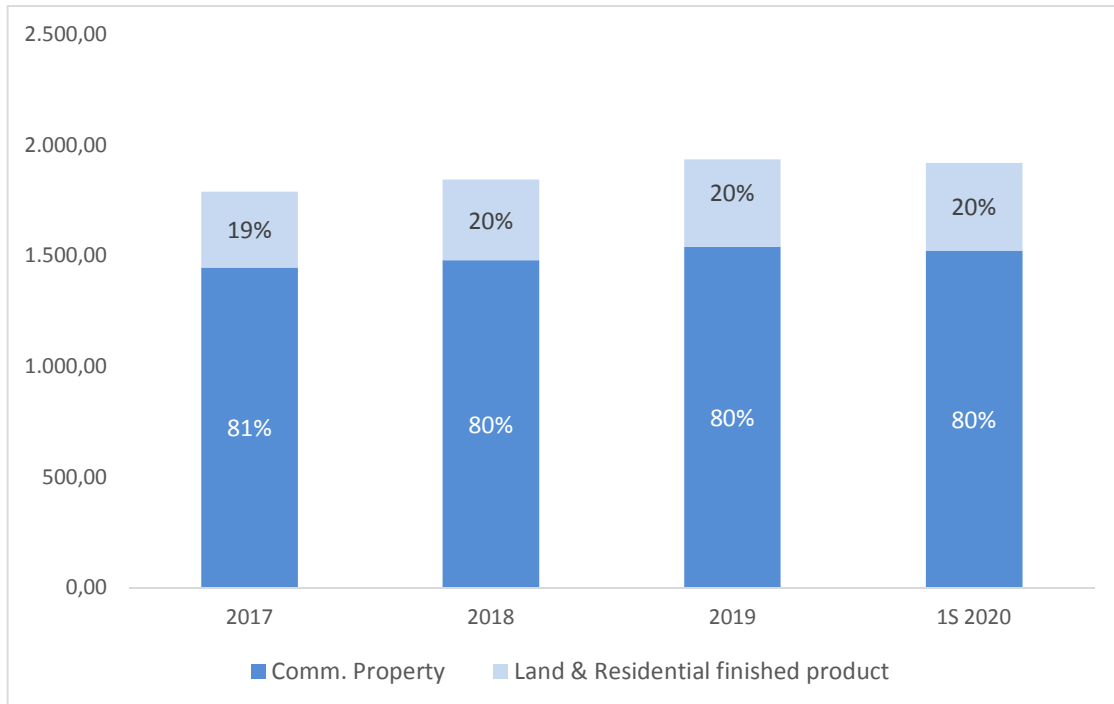
(3) As of June 2020, Glories BCN has been transferred from residential development in the pipeline to land bank for an amount of €9,17m, as this residential project has been paralyzed. In 1H 2020, investments for €10,9m have been made.

(4) Over 1H 2020, finished product for an amount of €3,89m has been delivered.

(5) It includes €2,5m, in both periods, value of Hato Verde golf course included in the residential business together with other residential developments being developed at Guillena (Sevilla).

- Fair value of commercial property assets reached €1.522,5m vs €1.540,8m at December 2019 (-1,2%). A new asset intended to home rental has been included in 2020 for an amount of €16m. Commercialization of this new asset started in June 2020. At 2019, this asset together with another two assets intended to home rental were in the pipeline and were valued in €10,30m. CBRE (CB Richard Ellis) performed the valuation of all commercial property assets implementing the RICS method (at June 2020 and at December 2019).
- Fair value of homebuilding assets (land bank, developments in the pipeline and residential finished product) reached €397,3m at June 2020 vs €394,1m (+0,8%) at December 2019. Fair value increase by 0,8% in 1H 2020 is mainly due to investment on projects in the pipeline which have reached €12,52m. If these investments wouldn't have been done, fair value of residential assets would have gone down by 2,4%.
- 80% of total GAV relates to Commercial Property business and 20% to the Residential business.

Gross Asset Value Evolution (GAV) (€mm)



Commercial Property valuation

	N. Building	sqm	GAV 1H 2020 ¹	GAV Dec. 2019 ¹	Var. (%)	Value €/sqm	Yield 1H 2020 (%) ²	Yield Dec. 2019 (%) ²
Offices	27	226.858	1.084,7	1.094,2	-0,9	4.781,4	4,6%	4,3%
CBD ³	13	84.550	601,1	605,7	-0,8	7.109,4	4,1%	3,9%
BD ⁴	3	42.653	174,7	177,4	-1,5	4.095,8	5,1%	5,0%
Periphery/Others	11	99.655	308,9	311,1	-0,7	3.099,8	5,2%	4,8%
Retail & Leisure	7	136.691	320,3	327,4	-2,2	2.343,0	6,4%	5,9%
Other assets ⁵	7	53.230	46,1	30,7	50,0	865,3	5,6%	7,0%
Total Operational	41	416.779	1.451,0	1.452,3	-0,1	3.481,5	5,1%	4,8%
Developable land ⁶	2	24.578	10,3	25,5		419,1		
Land in the pipeline ⁷		127.291	61,2	63,0	-2,9	480,4		
Total	43	568.647	1.522,5	1.540,8	-1,2	2.677,4		

^{1.} GAV in €mm

^{2.} Yield: gross annual passing rents divided by the assets GAV

^{3.} Central Business District.

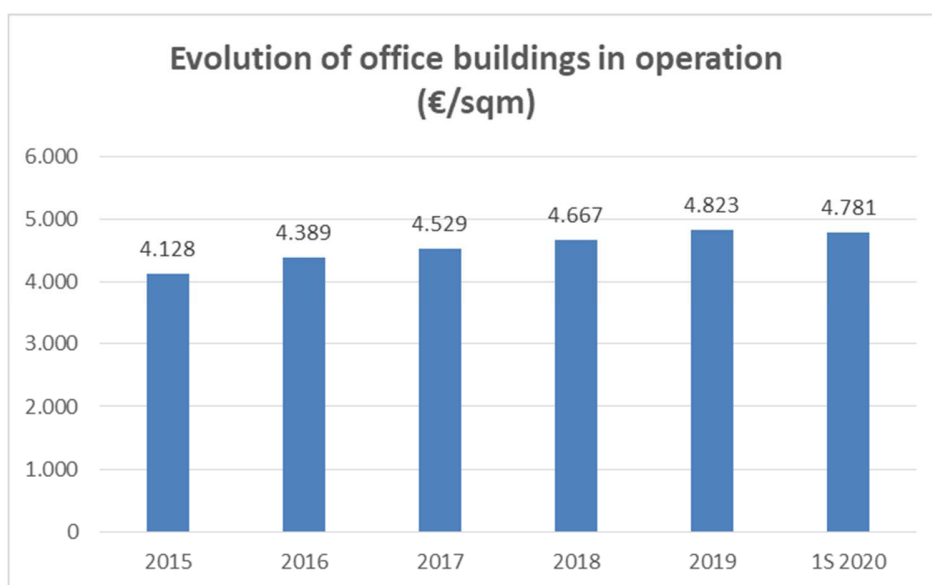
^{4.} Business District, excluding Central Business District

^{5.} Home rental development, warehouse in Logroño and other assets such as commercial premises, parking spaces, ...yield has gone down due to the project "Build to rent."

^{6.} Land in the pipeline to develop residential development intended to home rental.

^{7.} Land bank in Aguacate St., La Noria, ParK Central (22@) and Leganés

- As of June 2020, the market value of the Commercial property business reached €1.522,5m, -1,2% lower than at December 2019.
- As of 30 June 2020, the Yield of the commercial property in operation reached 5,1% (annual passing rents divided by assets value, according to (CBRE) vs 4,8% at December 2019.



Main assets for asset value (GAV)

Assets	Location	Use	GLA
Torre REALIA	Madrid	Offices	28.424
Torre REALIA BCN	Barcelona	Offices	31.964
Plaza Nueva Parque Comercial	Leganés	Retail	52.675
Salvador de Madariaga 1	Madrid	Offices	25.398
Shopping Centre Ferial Plaza	Guadalajara	Retail	32.507
María de Molina 40	Madrid	Offices	9.684
Albasanz 16	Madrid	Offices	19.550
Príncipe de Vergara 132	Madrid	Offices	8.821
C.N. Méndez Álvaro	Madrid	Offices	13.247

Land and homebuilding valuation

(€mm)	GAV 1H 2020	GAV Dec. 2019	Var. (%) 1H 2020 s/ Dec. 2019
Land bank ⁽¹⁾	279,8	274,0	2,1%
Residential in the pipeline ⁽¹⁾	74,5	72,7	2,4%
Residential finished product ⁽²⁾	30,3	34,2	-11,4%
Land bank ⁽³⁾ and others in property companies	12,8	13,2	-3,1%
Residential assets total value	397,3	394,1	0,8%

(1) Over 2020, Glories BCN has been transferred from development in the pipeline to land bank portfolio, for an amount of €9,17m, as the works have been delayed.

(2) Over 1H 2020, finished product for an amount of €3,89m has been delivered

(3) The valuation strictly of land bank portfolio reaches €10,3m in 1H 2020 and €10,7m in December 2019

Land bank valuation

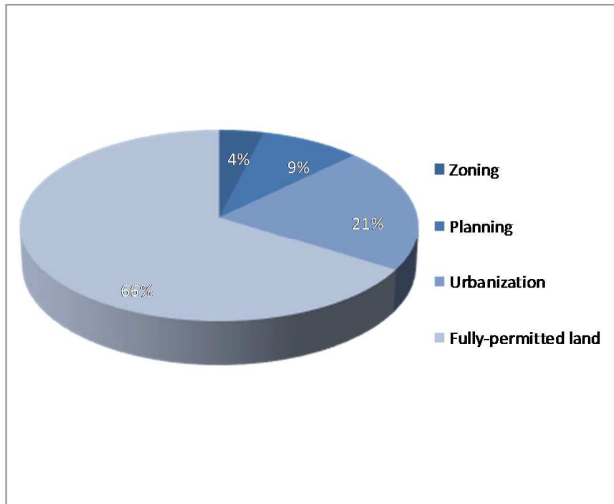
	Gross land sqm - 1H 2020	Building land sqm - 1H 2020	Building land sqm - Dec. 2019	GAV 1H 2020 €mm	GAV Dec. 2019 €mm	Var. GAV (%) 1H 2020 s/ Dec.2019
Zoning ⁽¹⁾	3.563.718	387.598	387.598	11,4	11,8	-3,3%
Planning	1.218.687	488.962	488.962	25,8	25,9	-0,6%
Urbanization	489.148	253.161	253.161	61,3	62,6	-2,1%
Fully-permitted land ⁽²⁾	482.172	494.858	489.312	191,6	184,4	3,9%
Total	5.753.724	1.624.579	1.619.033	290,1	284,7	1,9%

(1) It includes land bank for an amount of €279,8m and €274,0m, in the residential business value table plus the land bank portfolio of equity companies amounting €10,3m and €10,7m, reflected in 1H 2020 and December 2019, respectively.

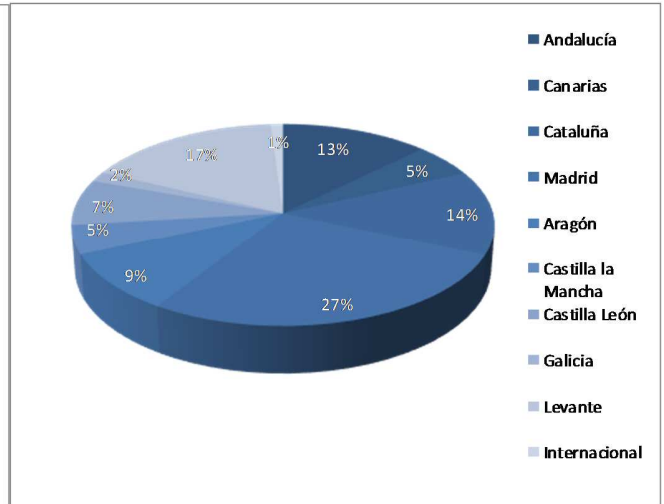
(2) Glories BCN has been transferred from residential in the pipeline to land bank, as this Project has been paralysed. In consequence, there has been an increase of fully-permitted land buildability by 5.546 sqm.

GAV Land Bank breakdown (€mm)

By urbanistic stage



By geographical area



8.- NET ASSET VALUE (NNAV)

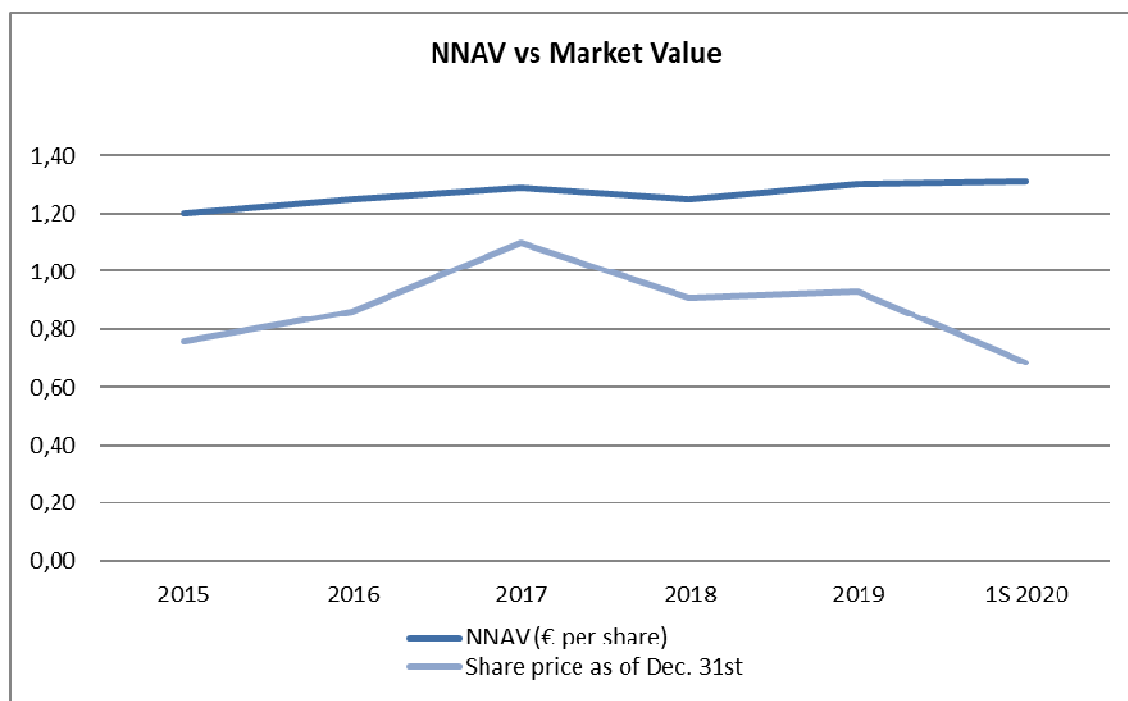
(€mm)	COMMERCIAL PROPERTY		LAND & HOMEBUILDING		TOTAL		Var. %
	1H 2020	2019	1H 2020	2019	1H 2020	2019	
Total (GAV)	1.522	1.541	397	394	1.919	1.935	-0,8
To be deducted							
Minorities	-310	-316	-2	-2	-312	-318	1,9
GAV Realia (1)	1.212	1.225	395	392	1.607	1.617	-0,6
Book value of assets (2)	707	713	362	359	1.069	1.072	-0,3
Latent capital gains (1)-(2)	505	512	33	33	538	545	-1,3
To be deducted							
Tax	-126	-128	-8	-8	-134	-136	1,5
Latent capital gains after tax	379	384	25	25	404	409	-1,2
Adjustments IAS 40					-376	-382	
Equity					1.035	1.037	-0,2
NNAV (after tax)					1.061	1.064	-0,3
Number of shares (mm) treasury shares not included					811	817	-0,7
NNAV (after tax) per share (€)					1,31	1,30	0,8

- As of 30 June 2020, the Net Asset Value (NNAV) reached 1,31 Euro per share, 0,8% better than at December 2019.
- NNAV per share considering the net equity of the consolidated financial statement is the following:

	€mm
CONSOLIDATED NET EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT COMPANY	1.035
Adjustments:	
+ Capital gains tangible fixed assets (own use)	2
+ Capital gains stock	25
ADJUSTED NET EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT COMPANY	1.061
Number of shares (treasury shares not included)	811.089.229
NNAV PER SHARE	1,31

Net Asset Value Evolution (NNAV)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	1S 2020
NNAV (€mm)	552	805	833	1.022	1.064	1.061
NNAV (€ per share)	1,20	1,25	1,29	1,25	1,30	1,31
Share price as of Dec. 31st	0,76	0,86	1,10	0,91	0,93	0,68
Discount NNAV	-37%	-31%	-15%	-27%	-28%	-48%



9.- COMMERCIAL PROPERTY
Rents – Consolidated data

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Rental income	31,73	30,70	3,4%
Expenses provision	8,79	8,73	0,7%
Disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	2,12	-100,0%
Other income	0,02	0,39	-94,9%
Total Revenue	40,54	41,94	-3,3%
Building common charges	-9,81	-10,35	5,2%
Other charges	-1,67	-1,91	12,6%
Gross margin	29,06	29,68	-2,1%
Margin (%)	91,6%	96,7%	-5,3%

- Total rental income (expenses charged to tenants not included) reached €31,73m (78,3% of commercial property income and 3,4% better than in June 2019). It is mainly due to better unitary rents in offices.
- Gross margin on rents reached 91,6%, 5,3% lower than in 1H 2019. It is mainly due to a refund, in June 2019, of a “municipal added value tax” for an amount of €2,12m. This tax is due to the sale of an asset in previous years.
- Evolution of commercial property business over 2020 will be subject to the scale of the COVID-19. Despite the difficulty to determine the depth of this health crisis, the Group is aware that it must contribute to the relaunch of economic activity and, above all, in the commercial activity that has been most affected by this crisis and that said contribution will have a negative impact on its accounts in 2020. The Company expects that in the coming years the impact will be less important.

Rents – Operational data ⁽¹⁾

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Rental income	33,94	33,03	2,8%
Expenses provision	9,42	9,51	-0,9%
Disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	2,12	-100,0%
Other income	0,02	0,39	-94,9%
Total Revenue	43,38	45,05	-3,7%
Building common charges	-10,50	-11,13	5,7%
Other charges	-2,10	-2,36	11,0%
Gross margin	30,78	31,56	-2,5%
Margin (%)	90,7%	95,5%	-5,0%

(1) The data in this chart is operational. The data from As Cancelas appear proportionally (50%).

Operating rental income
Breakdown of rents by sector (lfl)

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)	GLA (sqm)	Occup. 1H 2020 (%)	Occup. 1H 2019 (%)
Offices	23,40	22,98	1,8%	226.858	94,7%	94,6%
CBD	11,66	11,41	2,2%	84.550	98,9%	98,2%
BD	4,15	4,10	1,2%	42.653	99,7%	100,0%
Periphery	7,59	7,47	1,5%	99.655	88,9%	89,1%
Retail & Leisure	9,45	9,00	5,0%	136.691	90,3%	88,2%
Other	1,09	1,05	3,8%	53.230	83,9%	99,8%
Total Revenue	33,94	33,03	2,8%	416.779	91,7%	93,0%

- Occupancy reached 91,7% at 1H 2020 vs 93,0% at 1H 2019. This variation is mainly due to the inclusion of the concept “Others” (rental home development) which commercialization started in June 2020.
- Rental income at 1H 2020 reached €33,94m, 2,8% better than at 1H 2019.
- Offices occupancy has gone up by 0,1%, mainly due to new lease contracts in CBD area buildings (Torre Realia - The Icon). Rental income has gone up by 1,8%, mainly due to an increase of unitary rents and occupancy of the CBD offices.

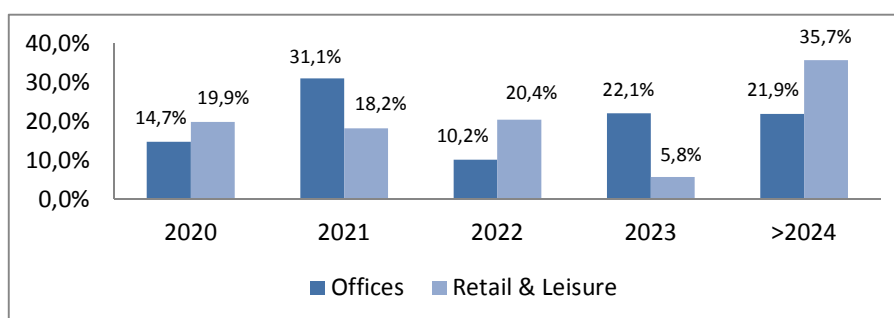
- Retail & Leisure occupancy has gone up by 2,1% vs 1H 2019. This increase is mainly due to commercialization of medium-sized surfaces.
- Levels of occupancy and income over 2020 may suffer an impact caused by COVID-19 health crisis, mainly in shopping centers. Realia has communicated its tenants its willingness to give support when required to guarantee the continuity of their business, according to the evolution of this exceptional situation. Definite measures will be considered jointly to allow all parties to overcome the crisis as soon as possible and in the most efficient way.

Breakdown of rents by geographical area (Lfl)

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)	GLA (sqm)	Occup. 1H 2020 (%)	Occup. 1H 2019 (%)
Madrid	24,04	23,32	3,1%	260.687	90,8%	94,0%
CBD	12,22	11,57	5,6%	80.452	99,3%	98,4%
BD	4,91	4,88	0,6%	49.895	99,8%	100,0%
Periphery	6,91	6,87	0,6%	130.340	82,2%	88,6%
Barcelona	3,22	3,12	3,2%	32.325	99,8%	98,4%
Other	6,68	6,59	1,4%	123.767	92,0%	89,5%
Total Revenue	33,94	33,03	2,8%	416.779	91,7%	93,0%

- According to geographical area, rents have increased in Barcelona (+3,2%) due to better rents in Torre REALIA BCN.

Expiry of lease contracts on annual rents



10.- RESIDENTIAL BUSINESS (LAND & HOMEBUILDING)

(€mm)	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Revenue			
Homebuilding sales	4,35	5,16	-15,7%
Land sales	1,36	0,26	423,1%
Total Revenue	5,71	5,42	5,4%
Costs			
Costs of sales	-5,52	-6,21	11,1%
Other costs	-1,19	-1,14	-4,4%
Total Costs	-6,71	-7,35	8,7%
Homebuilding Margin	-1,00	-1,93	48,2%
Homebuilding Margin (%)	-17,5%	-35,6%	50,8%
Provisions Reversal finished product	0,68	2,16	-68,6%
Gross Margin (Provisions not included)	-0,32	0,23	-239,5%

Residential portfolio

- Revenue from land & homebuilding amounted €5,71m, 5,4% better than in 1H 2019 (€5,42m). This result includes the sale of land, for an amount of €1,06m, performed by *Management Board of Valdebebas*. Realia held a certain percentage of this property.
- Gross margin reached €-1,00m vs €-1,93m at 1H 2019, once deducted the reversal of provisions. Once provisions are applied, the gross margin is negative for an amount of €-0,32m vs €0,23m at 1H 2019.
- Income from delivery of homes over 2020, as well as, the pace of conclusion of residential developments in the pipeline may suffer an impact from COVID-19 health crisis. Until 30 June the impact on current sales contracts with our clients has been very low with most of them remaining in force. It is not yet possible to determine what the definite impact will be in the coming months as regards to demand, since it is very sensitive to the evolution of the main macroeconomic figures (GDP, employment, savings, ...) in the whole of Spain and in its different Autonomous Communities. Realia has communicated its clients is willingness to give support when required to guarantee the continuity of their acquisition.

- By geographical area, the breakdown of units delivered at June 2020 and June 2019 is the following:

Delegations	1H 2020		1H 2019	
	Nº Units	Revenue (€mm)	Nº Units	Revenue (€mm)
Madrid/Centre	8	1,03	4	0,52
Levante	10	1,89	4	0,83
Catalonia	2	0,24	6	0,94
Andalucía	9	0,93	22	2,87
Portugal	1	0,25	-	-
Total	30	4,35	36	5,16

- As of June 2020, there is a stock of 497 units (homes, small retail and offices) finished or in the pipeline non-delivered (162 pre-sold). There are also 41 land plots for single family-housing.

Home stock evolution	1H 2020	1H 2019	Var. (%)
Pre-sales			
Number of units	70	86	-18,1%
Total value of contracts	18,42	22,35	-17,6%
Deliveries			
Number of units	30	36	-15,5%
Total value of contracts	4,35	5,16	-15,7%
Reservas/Ventas pendientes entrega			
Number of units	162	86	88,9%
Total value of contracts	56,73	29,25	94,0%
Stock at End-of-Period			
Projects finished			
Number of units	210	291	-27,7%
Projects in the pipeline			
Number of units	166	238	100,0%

Land bank

- As of June 2020, Realia has a gross land bank, in different urbanistic stages, of 5.753.724 sqm and a buildable area of 1.624.579 sqm. 30,46% of this land bank is fully-permitted land and is located in Madrid:

Land bank breakdown (buildability by sqm)

	Buildability (sqm)		Buildability (sqm)
Zoning	387.598	Andalucía	460.851
Planning	488.962	Canary islands	18.541
Urbanization	253.161	Catalonia	81.931
Fiully-permitted land	494.858	Madrid	474.546
Total	1.624.579	Aragón	154.508
		Castilla la Mancha	222.886
		Castilla León	64.451
		Galicia	6.184
		Levante	129.768
		International	10.912
		Total	1.624.579

11.- RISKS ARISING FROM COVID-19

- Preliminary estimates for 2020 have been altered due to COVID-19. The impact of this health crisis will not only impact Spain and its real estate sector, but it is a global pandemic and the depth of its effects is not yet known. However, it is clear that the residential market will be altered and the demand for spaces may be affected by the measures taken to alleviate the effects of COVID-19, such as teleworking, @commerce, unemployment, savings, tax measures ... The demand for housing and its sale price will also suffer from its impact, as the evolution of employment, the confidence of investors ... may cause it goes down.

Despite all this, Realia Group considers that the quality of its commercial property assets should protect it from negative trends after COVID-19. With regards to residential developments, at the date of preparation of these financial statements, it would only impact on the commercialization of 335 homes and premises, of which 169 units are finished and 166 in the pipeline. Therefore, it should not create financial or commercial tensions for the Group.

- At the closing date of the financial statements of 1H 2020, it is not yet possible to determine the impact on income from the activity of rental of premises and shopping centers, both for the alarm period and for the more immediate future. Realia is aware that must contribute to the relaunching of economic activity in said premises and shopping centers and that this support will have a negative impact on the 2020 account results. Income from the commercial property area is expected to reduce by 5,7% as a consequence of the support to all our clients. We expect that in the coming years the impact will be less significant.

Regarding the office rental, impact has not been very important and it will be necessary to see how demand evolves. Following the application of safety and hygiene regulations imposed by COVID-19, as well as the implementation and regulation of teleworking in the Spanish economy, it is estimated that the risk is focused on

the evolution of prices due to spaces being vacated. However Realia Group is moderately optimistic since most of its office assets are prime locations and their behavior in terms of income and occupation should be good, as it was seen in the previous crisis of 2007.

In any case, Realia has provided in its financial statements the appropriate provisions (€3,0m) for the impact that COVID-19 may have on the current contracts. The Company also includes in its financial statements the impact of the decrease in the value of assets (€19,1m), mainly due to the possible fall or evolution of rents due to the application of the revision index (CPI).

- Regarding the land & homebuilding business, over 1H 2020, demand has been altered by COVID-19. Since the state of alarm, on 14th March, the volume of operation fell to minimum levels, both for delivery of homes, as well as for the pre-sale of new units. Once the state of alarm finished in 21st June, the market has shown signs of recovery.

As the different phases of COVID-19 de-escalate, demand and visits to different residential developments have recovered in the different Autonomous Communities. However, it is still too early to assess the final impact of COVID-19 pandemic. Nevertheless, given the suspension of the construction activity over a period of time, lack of materials and workers, and the implementation of Safety and Hygiene measures have contributed to the lengthy execution and delivery times of the new residential developments. In the case of Realia, these circumstances affect 301 homes in the pipeline that are expected to delay their delivery to customers by 2021.

At present, the impact of COVID-19 on current sales contracts has been very low and most of them remain in effect. It is not yet possible to determine what the final impact will be in the coming months in terms of demand, as it depends on the evolution of the economy of Spain and its different Autonomous Communities.

Realia continues working on its projects in the pipeline, with the aim of delivering them in 2021. The Company is also working on new residential projects, but their launch will depend on how the demand evolves and therefore the impact that there may be in the sales prices and execution costs.

- Rental assets valuation is carried out in June and December. This valuation is performed by an independent expert (CB Richard Ellis). Due to market uncertainty from the impact of COVID-19, valuations, as of June 2020, have risen to €1.522.5m, vs €1.540.8m at December 2019. Considering the implementation of IAS 40, this valuation has caused a negative impact on the financial statements for an amount of €19.1m.

Independent appraisers value the portfolio of residential business assets every December (excepting in 2019, valuation was made in June 2019, as valuation changed from ECO method to RICS method) as it was informed in the relevant fact of 21st March 2019. Nevertheless, because of uncertainty due to COVID-19, Administrators have decided to have decided to value, at fair value, the land portfolio. As a result, a provision of €4,7m has been included in its financial statements to cover possible contingencies arising from the pandemic.

12.- STOCK DATA

- The closing stock price (€ per share) has been 0,68 Euro. It has gone down by 26% vs 2019.

	30 June 2020
Closing Stock Price (€ per share)	0,68
Market cap. End-of-Period (€)	561.061.737
High of the period (€ per share)	0,97
Low of the period (€ per share)	0,63
Average of the period (€ per share)	0,77
Daily Trading Volume (€)	119
Daily Trading Volume (shares)	154

Contact details

Tel: +34 91 353 44 00

E-mail: inversores@realia.es / accionistas@realia.es

APPENDIX – GLOSSARY OF APMs**Gross Margin:**

Results directly attributable to the business activity. Company's total revenue (net revenue, other operating revenues and sale of assets) minus operating costs (variation of finished product or in the pipeline, provisions, operating costs (overhead costs excluded), disposal of tangible fixed assets and other results).

EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization):

Operating result (profit or loss) deducted from provisions for depreciation and variation in operating provisions.

EBIT (Earnings Before Interest and Taxes):

Operating profit plus change in the value of investment property and result for variation between assets value and impairment of assets.

Gross Financial Debt:

Loans with current and non-current credit institutions.

Net Financial Debt:

Gross financial debt minus cash and cash equivalents.

Net Net Asset Value (NNAV):

It is calculated on the basis of the net equity attributed to the parent company, adjusted for the implicit capital gains of the assets of working capital and for own usage valued at the market and deducting the taxes that would accrue on such implicit capital gains, taking into account the tax regulations at the time of calculation.

Net Net Asset Value (NNAV) per share:

It is calculated by dividing the total NNAV of the Company by the number of shares outstanding, treasury shares not included.

Earnings per share:

It is calculated by dividing the result attributable to the parent Company and the number of shares outstanding (treasury shares not included) at the end of the referred period.

GAV (Valor de Liquidación):

Valor de mercado de los Activos determinado por expertos independientes (Tinsa y CBRE).

BD:

Business District

CBD:

Central Business District

Occupancy:

Surface area occupied by the rental assets portfolio divided by the surface of the portfolio in operation.

Yield:

Annualized rents, considering 100% occupancy divided by GAV of assets in operation (percentage rate), according to valuation performed by CBRE

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